Thank you samuel   
My name is Aleš hrehuš and I currently work at Oracle as a **Technical Support Engineer**. In my role, I help clients solve technical issues, provide support for Oracle products, and make sure their systems run smoothly and efficiently. It’s a great opportunity to learn deeply about Oracle technologies and also to work directly with customers from different industries

**Market the company operates in:**

Oracle operates in a variety of markets and industries across the globe.  
The company focuses on several core business areas. First, Oracle is a major provider of **enterprise software**, offering systems like ERP (Enterprise Resource Planning), CRM (Customer Relationship Management), HCM (Human Capital Management), and SCM (Supply Chain Management). These tools help businesses manage their operations more efficiently.

Second, Oracle is famous for its **database systems**, especially the Oracle Database, which is widely used in companies and governments around the world to store and manage data securely and effectively.

Third, Oracle has a strong presence in the **cloud services** market. It offers Oracle Cloud Infrastructure and Oracle Cloud Platform, which provide businesses with powerful tools for computing, storage, data analysis, and more.

In addition to software and cloud, Oracle also sells **hardware** products, such as servers, storage solutions, and engineered systems designed to optimize performance.

Lastly, Oracle offers **consulting services** to help clients implement and manage their Oracle systems in the most effective way.

When it comes to key markets, Oracle operates globally, but its strongest presence is in the **United States**, **Europe**, **Asia**, and the **Middle East**.

**CHART**

Now let’s take a look at this chart.  
This pie chart shows a breakdown of Oracle’s market based on revenue sources.  
As we can see, the largest part of Oracle’s business – around **74.4%** – comes from **Cloud Services and License Support**. This includes support and updates for software that customers already own.

The second largest category is **Cloud License and On-Premise License**, which makes up **10.2%**. This includes new software licenses that are either cloud-based or installed on customer systems.

**Services**, such as consulting and training, make up **9.6%**, and **hardware** sales – including servers and storage – make up the remaining **5.8%**.

So we can see that Oracle is clearly focused on **cloud and software services**, which are the most important parts of its business today.

**Subsidiaries**

Over the years, Oracle has acquired several companies to expand its capabilities and enter new markets. These subsidiaries operate in fields like **cloud services**, **database technologies**, **data analytics**, and **artificial intelligence**.

One of the most important acquisitions was **Sun Microsystems** in 2010. This gave Oracle ownership of key technologies such as **Java**, one of the most widely used programming languages in the world, as well as **Solaris** (an operating system) and **MySQL**, a popular open-source database.

In 2016, Oracle acquired **NetSuite**, a cloud-based ERP system designed for **small and medium-sized businesses**. This helped Oracle reach a broader range of customers and offer more flexible solutions.

Another important acquisition was **Cerner** in 2022. Cerner is a major provider of **healthcare IT solutions**, and this deal allowed Oracle to enter the healthcare technology market more deeply.

These subsidiaries play a key role in Oracle’s business strategy and help the company stay competitive and innovative.